

# OCR (B) Chemistry GCSE

PAG 1 - Reactivity Trends

(Chemistry only)

**Flashcards** 

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## What is the trend in reactivity of the Group 7 elements?











What is the trend in reactivity of the Group 7 elements?

Reactivity decreases down the group











#### What is a displacement reaction?











What is a displacement reaction?

A reaction in which a more reactive element replaces a less reactive element in a compound









## Will bromine react with potassium chloride? Why / why not?











Will bromine react with potassium chloride? Why/ why not?

No because the reactivity of halogens decreases down the group.

Bromine is less reactive than chloride so can't displace chloride from KCI.









## Will chlorine react with potassium iodide? Why / why not?











Will chlorine react with potassium iodide? Why/ why not?

Yes because reactivity of halogens decreases down the group.

Chlorine can displace iodine from KI as chlorine is more reactive than iodide.









## Write an equation for the reaction of bromine with potassium iodide











Write an equation for the reaction of chlorine with potassium iodide

$$Br_2(aq) + 2KI(aq) \rightarrow 2KBr(aq) + Br_2(aq)$$









What safety precautions should be taken when using group 7 elements in experiments?











What safety precautions should be taken when using group 7 elements in experiments?

- Use in a well ventilated lab
- Avoid inhaling (Cl<sub>2</sub> and Br<sub>2</sub>)
- Wear gloves









#### What is the trend in reactivity of group 1 and 2 metals?









What is the trend in reactivity of group 1 and 2 metals?

Reactivity increases down the groups.

Group 1 is more reactive than group 2.











No change is observed when Cu(s) is added to MgSO<sub>4</sub>(aq). What does this suggest about reactivity?











No change is observed when Cu(s) is added to MgSO₄(aq). What does this suggest about reactivity?

Cu is less reactive than Mg.

Cu doesn't displace Mg<sup>2+</sup> ions.









When Pb(s) is added to CuSO₄(aq), the lead pieces get darker. What does this suggest about reactivity?









When Pb(s) is added to CuSO₄(aq), the lead pieces get darker. What does this suggest about reactivity?

Pb is more reactive than Cu.

Pb displaces Cu<sup>2+</sup> ions.











# Write an equation for the reaction between Mg(s) and CuSO₁(aq)











Write an equation for the reaction between Mg(s) and CuSO<sub>4</sub>(aq)

 $Mg(s) + CuSO_{A}(aq) \rightarrow Cu(s) + MgSO_{A}(aq)$ 











## What does a faster rate suggest about reactivity?









What does a faster rate suggest about reactivity?

A faster rate means the compounds are more reactive











#### What two products are formed when a metal reacts with water?











What two products are formed when a metal reacts with water?

Metal + Water → Metal Hydroxide + Hydrogen

If a metal is very unreactive, it will not react with water e.g. zinc and iron.









#### What two products are formed when a metal reacts with acid?











What two products are formed when a metal reacts with acid?

Metal + Acid→ Salt + Hydrogen

Less reactive metals will not react with acid.

e.g. copper won't react with dilute acids







